



Endpoints for Art

Year 2 – Mix It



We will be learning about basic colour theory by looking at mixing colours and the colour wheel. This involves looking at primary and secondary colours and how they are used.

What I know and can explain

The secondary colours are orange, purple and green

The secondary colours are made by mixing equal amounts of the primary colours

The colour wheel is a diagram that organises colours and shows their relationships

A primary colour wheel has three segments to show the primary colours red, blue and yellow

A secondary colour wheel has six segments to show the primary colours red, yellow, blue and the secondary colours, orange, purple and green

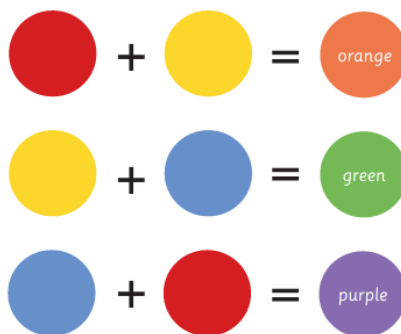
Primary colours

The primary colours cannot be made by mixing other colours. The primary colours are red, yellow and blue. All other colours can be made by mixing the primary colours.



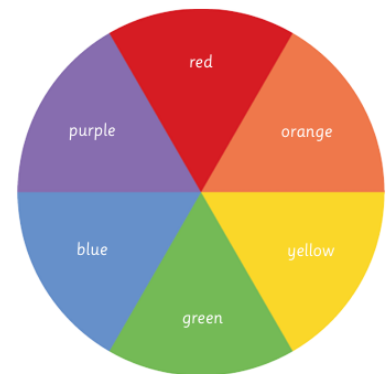
Secondary colours

The secondary colours are orange, green and purple. They are made by mixing equal amounts of primary colours. Red and yellow make orange. Yellow and blue make green. Blue and red make purple.



Colour wheel

The colour wheel is a diagram that shows how colours are organised. The secondary colours sit between the primary colours from which they are made.



Useful Vocabulary

Colour wheel - A tool used in art and design to show colours and their relationship to each other

Hue - A version of a colour

Primary colour - A colour that cannot be made by mixing other colours

Secondary colour - A colour that is made by mixing equal amounts of two primary colours