



Endpoints for History

Year 4 – Invasion



Through this topic, we will be learning about life in Britain after the Roman withdrawal from the Anglo-Saxon period through to the Viking invasions and up to the Norman conquest.

What I know and can explain

After the Roman's left, many Britons returned to the life of the Iron Age. They no longer lived in towns, used money or kept written records

During the period AD 410–1066, Britain came under attack from the Picts, Scots, Anglo-Saxons, Vikings and finally the Normans

The Saxons, Angles and Jutes invaded from Germany, the Netherlands and Denmark, forcing Britons to take on Anglo-Saxon ways or move west to Cornwall or Wales

The Anglo-Saxons farmed and lived in villages with legal systems.

Timelines help us to understand longer or more complex periods of time by breaking significant events or periods into smaller parts and arranging them chronologically. They can also help us to identify cause and effect.

Useful Vocabulary

Angle - A person from northern Germany who invaded and settled in parts of eastern and northern England

Anglo-Saxon - The period in Britain from the end of Roman rule to the Norman Conquest in 1066. Anglo-Saxons were the descendants of the Angles, Saxons and Jutes

Celt - A person of European origin who settled in Britain from c800 BC

Jute - A person of Germanic origin who settled in Kent and the Isle of Wight

Norman - The period in Britain from the Norman Conquest in 1066 until 1154

Pict - A person living in northern Scotland during the Roman occupation of Britain

Saxon - A person living in central or northern Germany during the Roman occupation of Britain. Many Saxons conquered and settled in southern England after the Roman withdrawal